## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Information

Product Name: Spartan Reducer Fast

Manufacturer/Supplier:

TRANSTAR AUTOBODY TECHNOLOGIES

2040 Heiserman Dr. Brighton, MI, 48114, USA

Distributor (if applicable):

Product Code: SP160-1, SP160-5

**CHEMTREC 24 Hour Emergency Phone(s):** 

USA & Canada 800-424-9300 International +1 703 741-5970

Business Phone: 800-824-2843

SDS Prepared By: Transtar Autobody Technologies

Product Use: For Professional and Industrial Use Only Not recommended for: Not for sale to the general public

# Section 2 - Hazards Identification

### Classification of the substance or mixture

## **GHS Ratings:**

Flammable liquid	2	Flash point < 23°C and initial boiling point > 35°C (95°F)
Inhalation Toxicity	Acute Tox. 4	Gases>2500+<=20000ppm, Vapors>10+<=20mg/l,
		Dusts&mists>1+<=5mg/l
Skin corrosive	2	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >=
		2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation
Eye corrosive	2A	Eye irritant: Subcategory 2A, Reversible in 21 days
Carcinogen	2	Limited evidence of human or animal carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxin	1A	Based on human evidence
Organ toxin single exposure	2	Presumed to be harmful to human health- Animal studies
		with significant toxic effects relevant to humans at generally
		moderate exposure (guidance) - Human evidence in
		exceptional cases
Organ toxin repeated	2	Presumed to be harmful to human health- Animal studies
exposure		with significant toxic effects relevant to humans at generally
		moderate exposure (guidance)- Human evidence in
		exceptional cases
Aspiration hazard	1	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human
		evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity? 20.5
		mm2/s at 40° C.
Aquatic toxicity	A2	Acute toxicity > 1.00 but <= 10.0 mg/l

## **GHS Hazards**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and
	enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the
	unborn child

## **GHS Precautions**

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
P102	Keep out of reach of children
P103	Read label before use
P201	Obtain special instructions before use
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

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exposure H401 Toxic to aquatic life  P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and motorized equipment P242 Use only non-sparking tools P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge P260 Do not breathe dust, mist, vapors or spray P264 Wash contacted skin thoroughly after handling P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area P273 Avoid release to the environment P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection and respiratory protection. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse	۱	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition	spar	P210	mage to organs	May cause damage t		H371 H373
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P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician	ı			P301+P310				
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately take		· ·		P303+P361+				
off all contaminated clothing. Wash skin	in	off all contaminated clothing. Wash ski	off al					
with soap and water.				D004 D040				
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air	air			P304+P340				
and keep at rest in a position								
comfortable for breathing P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with		_		P305+P351+				
water for several minutes. Remove		water for several minutes. Remove	wate	1 000 11 001 11				
contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical	ıl			P308+P313				
advice	1							
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical				P332+P313				
advice		advice	advid					
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.		•	•	P337+P313				
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2,	·,	_		P370+P378				
foam or water fog to extinguish				D405				
P405 Store locked up								
P403+P233+P235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep Cool.			Otore	F4US+P233+				
P501 Dispose of contents and container in				P501				
accordance with local, regional, national	nal	<del>-</del>						
and international regulations.		and international regulations.	and					

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## Danger



Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS:

None known

The following % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

# Section 3 - Composition

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Toluene 108-88-3 50 to 60%	200 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA 150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL
Acetone 67-64-1 20 to 30%	1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA	750 ppm STEL 500 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
Xylene 1330-20-7 10 to 20%	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 1 to 5%	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA 125 ppm STEL; 545 mg/m3 STEL
Aliphatic Hydorcarbons (Stoddard Type) 8052-41-3 1 to 5%	500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3 TWA	100 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 350 mg/m3 TWA 1800 mg/m3 Ceiling (15 min)

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**INHALATION:** If Inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing difficulty persists, seek medical attention.

**EYE CONTACT:** Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a minimum of 15 minutes while holding eye lids open. If eye irritation persist: seek medical attention.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash exposed area thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Do NOT use solvents or thinners to wash off.

**INGESTION:** If swallowed, seek medical attention immediately and have product container or label at hand. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation:** Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

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Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms:

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Pain or irritation, watering, redness

**Inhalation:** Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Respiratory tract irritation, coughing, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo,

unconsciousness.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Irritation, redness.

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Nausea or vomiting.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Seek professional medical attention for all over-exposures and/or persistent problems.

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders:** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

# Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

LEL: 0.6 % UEL: 12.8 %

Extinguishing Media: Dry Chemical, Foam, CO2 or water fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: High volume water jets

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Hazards apply to empty containers. Combustion generates toxic fumes.

Hazardous Combustion Products: oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, formaldehyde, toxic fume

**Special Firefighting Procedures:** Highly toxic fumes may be generated by thermal decomposition. Water runoff from firefighting can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire.

**Fire Equipment:** Full fire fighter equipment including SCBA should be worn to avoid skin contact and inhalation of concentrated vapors. Minimize skin exposure.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors and mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulation to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

#### **Environmental precautions:**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

**Small Spills:** Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.

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Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large Spills:** Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible,

absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

# Section 7 - Handling & Storage

**Safe Handling Measures:** Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools and explosion proof equipment when handling this material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking. Use in cool, well-ventilated areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because they may retain product residues. For precautions see section 2.

**General Occupational Hygiene:** Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Storage Requirements:** Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces-No Smoking. Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Do not reuse container when empty.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Toluene 108-88-3	200 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA 150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL
Acetone 67-64-1	1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA	750 ppm STEL 500 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
Xylene 1330-20-7	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	
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Aliphatic Hydorcarbons (Stoddard Type) 8052-41-3	500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3 TWA	100 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 350 mg/m3 TWA 1800 mg/m3 Ceiling (15 min)

**Engineering Controls:** Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion proof electrical, ventilation, lighting and motorized equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Ensure adequate ventilation.

**Ventilation:** General mechanical ventilation or local exhaust should be utilized to keep vapor concentrations below exposure limits (PEL & TLV). Ventilation equipment must be explosion proof.

Safe Work Practices: Eye washes and safety showers in the workplace are recommended. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash hands thoroughly after using and before eating, drinking or smoking. Employee education and training in the safe use and handling of this product is required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR1200. Smoking in area where this material is used should be strictly prohibited. Always use protective clothing and equipment. Remove all contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly when finished working. Keep food and drink away from material and from area where material is being used. Spraying of material can cause an oxygen deficient environment. Use proper ventilation to remove vapors, mist and fumes combined with NIOSH approved respirator.

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**Respiratory Protection:** When working with this material use a MSHA/NIOSH approved cartridge respirator or suitable respiratory protection to keep airborne mists and vapor concentrations below the PEL & TLV limits. When using in poorly ventilated and confined spaces, use a fresh-air supplying respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses with chemical splash goggles or faceshield.

**Skin Protection:** Use chemical resistant gloves.

**Body Protection:** Impervious clothing, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. **Contaminated Gear/Hygiene Practices:** Remove all contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly when finished working. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Keep food and drink away from materials and from area where material is being used or stored.

# Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties

This mixture typically exhibits the following properties under normal circumstances:

**Appearance** Clear

**Odor** Organic Solvent

pH: No data available

Freezing point: No data available

Flash point: -4 F,-20 C

Flammability: No data available

Vapor Pressure: 60.2 mmHg

Density (Lb / Gal) 7.06

Partition coefficient (n- No data available

octanol/water):

Decomposition temperature: No data available

Regulatory Coating VOC g/L 866

Actual Coating VOC g/L 635

Weight Percent Volatile 100.00

% Weight VOC 75.00

% Wt Exempt VOC 25.00

Physical State Liquid

Odor threshold: No data available

Melting point: No data available

Boiling range: 56°C

Evaporation rate: No data available

Explosive Limits: 1% - 13%

Vapor Density: 3.1

Solubility: No data available

Autoignition temperature: 226°C

Viscosity: No data available

Regulatory Coating VOC 7.23

lb/gal

**Actual Coating VOC lb/Gal** 5.30

Specific Gravity (SG) 0.846

% Weight Water 0.0

% Vol Exempt VOC 26.72

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: No data available

**Stability:** Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flame and sparks. Extreme temperature and direct sunlight.

## Incompatible with:

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases, Strong acids

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#### Hazardous products produced under decomposition:

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

**Mixture Toxicity** 

Oral Toxicity: 3,240mg/kg Inhalation Toxicity: 17mg/L

**Component Toxicity** 

108-88-3 Toluene

Oral: 2,600 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation: 13 mg/L (Rat)

1330-20-7 Xylene

Oral: 3,500 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal: 4,350 mg/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation: 29 mg/L (Rat)

100-41-4 Ethylbenzene

Oral: 3,500 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation: 17 mg/L (Rat)

8052-41-3 Aliphatic Hydorcarbons (Stoddard Type)

Dermal: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation: 21 mg/L (Rat)

This mixture has not been tested for toxicological effects.

#### **Acute Effects:**

INHALATION - Dizziness, breathing difficulty, headaches, & loss of coordination.

EYE CONTACT - Moderate irritation, tearing, redness, and blurred vision.

SKIN CONTACT - Moderate irritant. Can dry and defat skin causing cracks, irritation, and dermatitis.

INGESTION - Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, vomiting, nausea, & diarrhea.

#### **Chronic Effects:**

May affect liver, kidney and central nervous system with repeated exposure . Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung injury.

## **Routes of Entry**

Inhalation Skin Contact Eye Contact Ingestion

**Target Organs** 

Blood Eyes Kidneys Liver Central Nervous System Skin Respiratory System

**Effects of Overexposure** 

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#### Short Term Exposure

Inhalation: Causes irritation of the eyes and respiratory tract. Exposure to levels above 2,400 mg/m3 may cause headache, dizziness and nose and throat irritation. More severe exposures may cause nausea and vomiting, a feeling of intoxication, weakness, muscle twitches and in extreme cases convulsions, unconsciousness and death. Irritates the eyes and respiratory tract. Causes central nervous system depression. High levels of exposure may cause fatigue, weakness, confusion, euphoria, dizziness, headache; dilated pupils, lacrimation (discharge of tears); nervousness, muscle fatigue, insomnia; paresthesia; cardiac dysrhythmia, unconsciousness and death may occur. Inhalation: 100 ppm exposure can cause dizziness, drowsiness and hallucinations, 100 - 200 ppm can cause depression, 200 -500 ppm can cause headaches, nausea, loss of appetite, loss of energy, loss of coordination and coma. In addition to the above, death has resulted from exposure to 10,000 ppm for an unknown time. Skin: Can cause dryness and irritation. Absorption may cause or increase the severity of symptoms listed above. Eyes: Can cause irritation at 300 ppm. Ingestion: Can cause a burning sensation in the mouth and stomach, upper abdominal pain, cough, hoarseness, headache, nausea, loss of appetite, loss of energy, loss of coordination and coma. Ethyl benzene irritates the eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. Exposure to high concentrations can cause dizziness, lightheadedness and unconsciousness. Very high exposures (above the OEL) can cause difficult breathing, narcosis, coma, and even death. Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs, resulting in chemical pneumonitis. May affect the central nervous system. Concentration of 200 ppm can cause irritation. Inhalation: Exposure to vapor can be irritation to the nose and throat. Inhalation of vapor at concentrations above 200 ppm or 3 - 5 minutes can lead to xylene intoxication. Symptoms include headache, dizziness, nausea and vomiting. If exposure should continue, central nervous system depression characterized by shallow breathing and weak pulse can occur. Levels of 230 ppm for 15 minutes may cause lightheadedness without loss of equilibrium. Reversible liver and kidney damage in man has followed exposure to sudden high concentrations of vapor. Such high levels may also give rise to lung congestion. Exposure to extremely high concentrations (10,000 ppm or more) of xylene vapors can lead to a strong narcotic effect with symptoms of slurred speech, stupor fatigue, confusion, unconsciousness, coma. and possible death. Contact can irritate the skin. Exposure can irritate the eyes and respiratory tract. Exposure to high concentrations can cause dizziness, lightheadedness, and unconsciousness.

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Long Term Exposure

Prolonged or repeated contact with liquid may cause defatting of the skin with drying, irritation, and skin ulcers. Exposure to vapor may cause eye, nose and throat irritation, fatigue, headaches, anemia, jaundice, and damage to the liver and bone marrow. In animals: kidney damage. Repeated exposure may cause a rare reaction in some people that destroys blood cells (aplastic anemia). This can be fatal. Many petroleumbased solvents have been shown to cause brain and/or nerve damage. Effects may include reduced memory and concentration, personality changes, fatigue, sleep disturbances, reduced coordination, effects on the autonomic nerves and/or nerves to the limbs. Repeated or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermatitis; drying, cracking, itching, and skin rash. May cause liver, kidney, and brain damage; decreased learning ability, psychological disorders. Levels below 200 ppm may produce headache, tiredness and nausea. From 200 - 750 ppm symptoms may include insomnia, irritability, dizziness, some loss of memory, cause heart palpitations and loss of coordination. Blood effects and anemia have been reported but are probably due to contamination by benzene. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the skin may cause drying, scaling and blistering. May cause kidney disease, liver disease, chronic respiratory disease, skin disease, as follows: EB is not nephrotoxic. Concern is expressed because the kidney is the primary route of excretion of EB and its metabolites. EB is not hepatotoxic. Since EB is metabolized by the liver, concern is expressed for these tissues. Exacerbation of pulmonary pathology might occur following exposure to EB. Individuals with impaired pulmonary function might be at risk. EB is a defating agent and may cause dermatitis following prolonged exposure. Individuals with preexisting skin problems may be more sensitive to EB. There is limited evidence that EB may damage the developing fetus, and may cause mutations. Inhalation of xylene vapor and skin contact with liquid are the two most probable routes of long term exposure. Symptoms of inhalation are dizziness, headache and nausea. Long term exposure has been associated with liver and kidney damage, intestinal tract disturbances and central nervous system depression. Prolonged contact with skin can lead to irritation, dryness and cracking. Repeated exposure can cause poor memory, difficulty in concentration, and other brain effects. It can also cause damage to the eye surface. Repeated skin exposure can cause dryness and skin cracking. This chemical has not been adequately evaluated to determine whether brain or nerve damage could occur with repeated exposure. However, many solvents and other petroleum-based chemicals have been shown to cause such damage. Effects may include reduced memory and concentration, personality changes (withdrawal, irritability), and fatigue, sleep disturbances, reduced coordination, and/or effects on the nerves to the arms and legs (weakness, "pins and needles").

The following chemicals comprise of at least 0.1% of this mixture and are listed and/or classified as carcinogens or potential carcinogens by the NTP, IARC, OSHA (mandatory listing) or ACGIH (optional listing).

CAS Number 100-41-4 <u>Description</u> Ethylbenzene % Weight 1 to 5% Carcinogen Rating

Ethylbenzene: IARC: Possible

human carcinogen OSHA: listed

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

This material has not been tested for ecological effects.

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

Other adverse effects: Contains photochemically reactive solvent.

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#### **Component Ecotoxicity**

Toluene

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 15.22 - 19.05 mg/L [flow-through] (1 day old); 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 12.6 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.89 - 7.81 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 14.1 - 17.16 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.8 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 11.0 - 15.0 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oryzias latipes: 54 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 28.2 mg/L [semi-static];

96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 50.87 - 70.34 mg/L [static]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L [Static]; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia

magna: 11.5 mg/L

96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >433 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 12.5 mg/L [static]

Acetone 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales

promelas: 6210 - 8120 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 8300

mg/L

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 10294 - 17704 mg/L [Static]; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia

magna: 12600 - 12700 mg/L

Xylene 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 13.4 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50

Oncorhynchus mykiss: 2.661 - 4.093 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 19 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 7.711 - 9.591 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 23.53 - 29.97 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio: 780 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio: >780 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 30.26 -

40.75 mg/L [static]

48 Hr EC50 water flea: 3.82 mg/L; 48 Hr LC50 Gammarus lacustris: 0.6 mg/L

Ethylbenzene 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 11.0 - 18.0 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50

Oncorhynchus mykiss: 4.2 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales

promelas: 7.55 - 11 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 32 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 9.1 - 15.6 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr

LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 9.6 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L

72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4.6 mg/L; 96 Hr EC50

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >438 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella

subcapitata: 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella

subcapitata: 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L [static]

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Product and container should be disposed of in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Subject to hazardous waste generation, treatment, storage and disposal rules under RCRA, 40CFR261.

## Section 14 - Transportation Information

The following transportation information is provided based on Transtar Autobody Technologies interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking and labeling prior to offering for transport.

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<b>Agency</b>	Proper Shipping Name	UN Number	Packing Group	<b>Hazard Class</b>
IATA	Paint Related Material	UN1263	II	3
IMDG	Paint Related Material	UN1263	II	3
USDOT	Paint Related Material	UN1263	II	3

For inner packagings not exceeding 5L each packaged in a strong outer box: Limited Quantity

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

The information listed in this section is not all inclusive of all regulations for this product or the chemical components of this product.

Australia-AICS: The following chemicals are listed:

8052-41-3 Aliphatic Hydorcarbons (Stoddard Type) 1 to 5 %

100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 1 to 5 %

1330-20-7 Xylene 10 to 20 %

67-64-1 Acetone 20 to 30 %

108-88-3 Toluene 50 to 60 %

## China-SEPA (IECSC): The following chemicals are listed:

8052-41-3 Aliphatic Hydorcarbons (Stoddard Type) 1 to 5 %

100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 1 to 5 %

1330-20-7 Xylene 10 to 20 %

67-64-1 Acetone 20 to 30 %

108-88-3 Toluene 50 to 60 %

#### **DSL Status:** The following chemicals are listed on the DSL Inventory.

8052-41-3 Aliphatic Hydorcarbons (Stoddard Type) 1 to 5 %

100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 1 to 5 %

1330-20-7 Xylene 10 to 20 %

67-64-1 Acetone 20 to 30 %

108-88-3 Toluene 50 to 60 %

#### **HAPS:** This formulation contains the following HAPS:

100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 1 to 5 %

1330-20-7 Xylene 10 to 20 %

108-88-3 Toluene 50 to 60 %

#### **NDSL Status**

- None

## NJ RTK: The following chemicals are listed under New Jersey RTK

8052-41-3 Aliphatic Hydorcarbons (Stoddard Type) 1 to 5 %

100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 1 to 5 %

1330-20-7 Xylene 10 to 20 %

67-64-1 Acetone 20 to 30 %

108-88-3 Toluene 50 to 60 %

#### **California Proposition 65**



MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including

108-88-3 Toluene 50 to 60 %

, which is[are] known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

### **California Proposition 65**



**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including

100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 1 to 5 %

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which is[are] known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

PA RTK: The following chemicals are listed under Pennsylvania RTK:

8052-41-3 Aliphatic Hydorcarbons (Stoddard Type) 1 to 5 %

100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 1 to 5 %

1330-20-7 Xylene 10 to 20 %

67-64-1 Acetone 20 to 30 %

108-88-3 Toluene 50 to 60 %

SARA 312: This Product contains the following chemcials subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 312:

100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 1 to 5 % 108-88-3 Toluene 50 to 60 %

SARA 313: This Product contains the following chemcials subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313:

100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 1 to 5 %

108-88-3 Toluene 50 to 60 %

**TSCA:** The following are not listed under TSCA:

- None

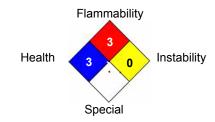
# Section 16 - Other Information

Note: HMIS Ratings involve data and interpretings that can vary from company to company. They are intended only for rapid, general identification of the magnitude of the specific hazard. To deal adequately with the safe handling of this material, all the information contained in this SDS must be considered.

### **Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)**

# HEALTH 3 HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend \* = Chronic Health Hazard 0 = INSIGNIFICANT 1 = SLIGHT 2 = MODERATE 3 = HIGH

## National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



Date Prepared: 10/15/2019

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate, obtained from sources believed by Transtar Autobody Technologies to be accurate. As with all chemicals, **KEEP AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND ANIMALS. FOR PROFESSIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.** The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

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